

光環境センサを用いた三次元組織内酸素分布計測



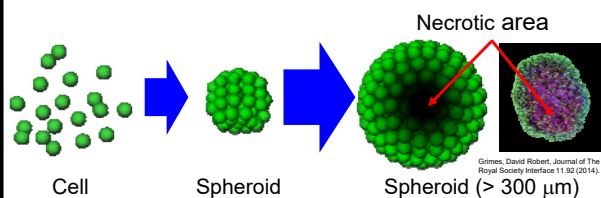
丸山 央峰, 秋田祐甫, 益田 泰輔, 小俣 誠二, 新井 史人
名古屋大学大学院工学研究科マイクロ・ナノ機械理工学専攻



高品質の三次元組織を構築するには？

Background

Evaluation of physiological conditions in tissue



Deep part in large tissue: lack of **oxygen**

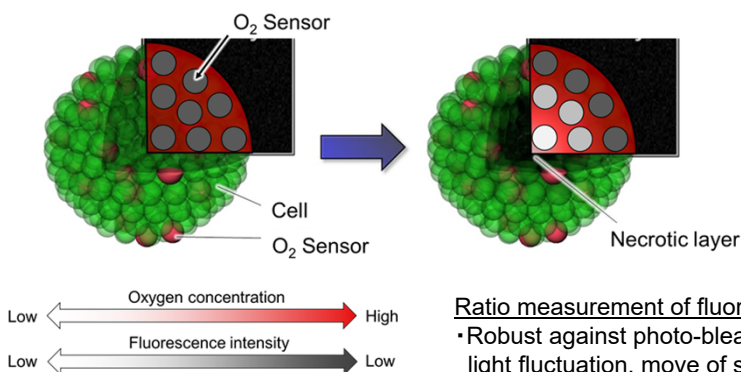
How to measure oxygen inside microscale?

Sensor type	Fluorescence	Optode	Electrode
Image	 H. Maruyama, et al., Trans. Mech (2012) a	 O ₂ Microoptode (Unisense)	 O ₂ Microsensor (Unisense)
Size	< 10 μm	50 μm	8 μm
Sensitivity	1.1 $\mu\text{mol/l}$	1.3 $\mu\text{mol/l}$	5.6 $\mu\text{mol/l}$
Cell migration	Possible	Difficult	Difficult
Influence of environment	Low	Low	High
Oxygen consumption	No	No	13.4 fmol/min

Non-contact sensing using fluorescence

Concept

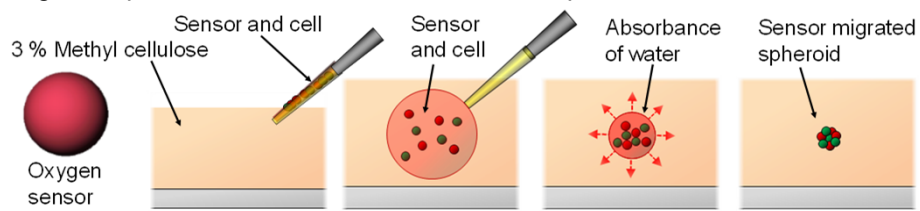
Direct measurement of oxygen in tissue by migration of fluorescence sensor



Ratio measurement of fluorescence

• Robust against photo-bleaching, light fluctuation, move of sensor

Migration process of fluorescence sensor into spheroid



N. Kojima Biomaterials, 2012.

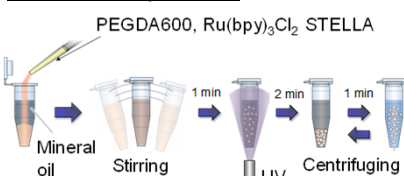
How to measure oxygen inside microscale?

Fabrication of Sensor

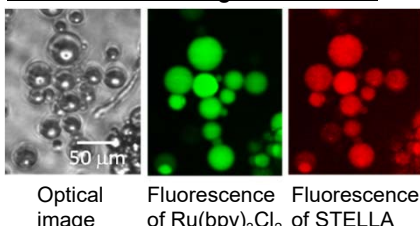
Sensor material

- Polyethyleneglycol diacrylate (PEG) 600
Biocompatible, hydrophilic
- Ru(bpy)₃Cl₂ : High-sensitive to oxygen
em. 488 nm, ex. 620 nm
- STELLA : Low-sensitive to oxygen
ex. 561 nm, em. 610 nm

Fabrication process



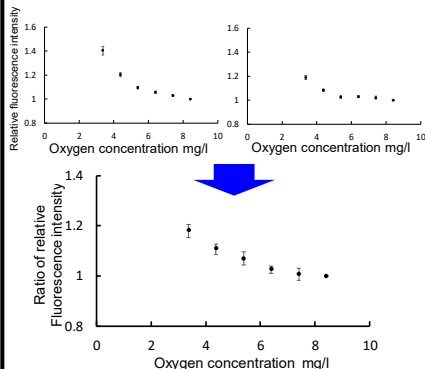
Fluorescence images of sensor



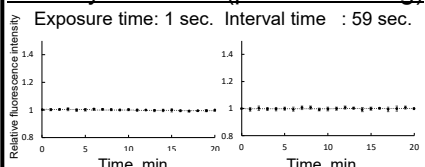
Biocompatible hydrogel oxygen sensor was fabricated.

Experiments

Calibration of sensor

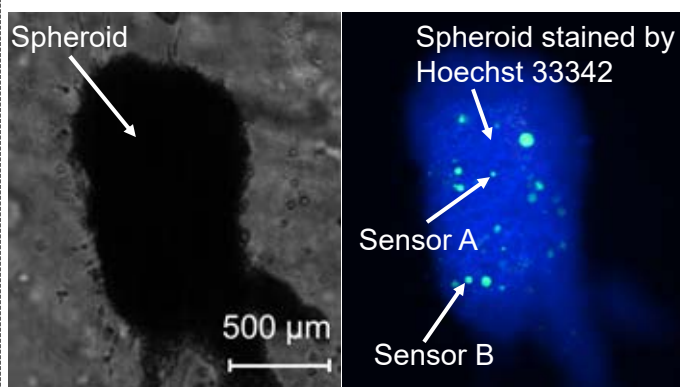


Stability of sensor (photobleaching)



Ratio measurement of oxygen using this sensor is possible.

Measurement of oxygen distribution inside spheroid (Cell: Osteoblast cell MC3T3-E1)



Optical image

Fluorescence image

Sensor	1 days	2 days	5 day
A	$2.6 \times 10^2 \mu\text{M}$	$2.7 \times 10^2 \mu\text{M}$	$1.1 \times 10^2 \mu\text{M}$
B	$2.6 \times 10^2 \mu\text{M}$	$2.6 \times 10^2 \mu\text{M}$	$2.6 \times 10^2 \mu\text{M}$

Measurement of oxygen distribution in spheroid using fluorescence sensor was succeeded.

Conclusions

1. Fabrication of fluorescence oxygen sensor and ratio measurement
2. Time-course variation of oxygen distribution inside spheroid was measured.

本研究に関するお問い合わせ先: 丸山 央峰 (Hisataka Maruyama)

E-mail: hisataka@mech.nagoya-u.ac.jp,

URL: <http://www.biorobotics.mech.nagoya-u.ac.jp/>

〒464-8603 名古屋市千種区不老町

名古屋大学大学院工学研究科 マイクロ・ナノ機械理工学専攻新井研究室

TEL: 052-789-5026, FAX: 052-789-5027

Reference:

丸山央峰, 秋田祐甫, 益田泰輔, 小俣誠二, 新井史人, 光環境センサを用いた三次元組織内酸素分布計測, 35回化学とマイクロ・ナノシステム学会, 1P17

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